White Oak

Quercus alba





Type Deciduous Tree
Height 75 - 100 Feet
Spread 75 - 100 Feet
Form Rounded

Incompatible

Growth Rate Slow

Utilities

USDA Zone 4 - 8 Root Type Tap

Life Expectancy Long





Sun Full Sun through Partial Sun

Orientation South or West **Soil Texture** Sand through Clay

Soil Water Xeric or Mesic **Holding Capacity**

Topography Upland

Plant Community Forest or Open Cliff

Succession Pioneer or Intermediate

Native Range
Querous sha (White Oak)

Key
Intel Sulma Earge
Turbos Earge

Origin MSA Zone 1, MSA Zone 2, MSA Zone 4, MSA Zone 6, Minnesota or North America

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Flowers/Foliage/Fruit

Flower Color Yellow Flower Season Spring

Fruit Color Brown
Fruit Season Autumn



Spring Foliage Green **Summer Foliage** Green

Fall Foliage Brown or Purple
Winter Foliage Not Applicable





Soils

Salt Spray Moderate
Soil Salt Tolerant
Compaction Intolerant
Water Table 24 Inches

Drainage Excessive or Moderate

Flood Tolerance Intolerant

Drought Tolerance

Moisture RegimeMoist or WetpH6 through 7

Planting Ease

Spring Bareroot Fall Bareroot

Spring Container Easy **Fall Container** Easy

Spring Seed Fall Seed





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Maintenance

Formal Moderate
Informal Low
2, 4-D Tolerance Sensitive
DicambaTolerance Sensitive
PicloramTolerance Sensitive

Clopyralid Tolerance

Artificial Light Moderate
Sulfur Dioxcide Moderate
Ozone Tolerance Sensitive
Hydrogen Flouride Moderate
Nitrogen Oxide Tolerant





Pests/Problems

Allergens both sexes 8

Invasivness

Toxicity

Cold Injury Infrequent **Storm Damage** Infrequent

Biological Control

Mechanical Control

Chemical Control

Comments

Handsome oak that should be planted more often. Plant only northern strains. Bare root plants require sweating; not recommended for fall planting. Wood valued for furniture, wine casks, and boats. May hold some leaves over winter.

Miscellaneous

Wildlife Rating High
Insect Concerns Minor
Disease Concerns Minor
Wildlife Concerns